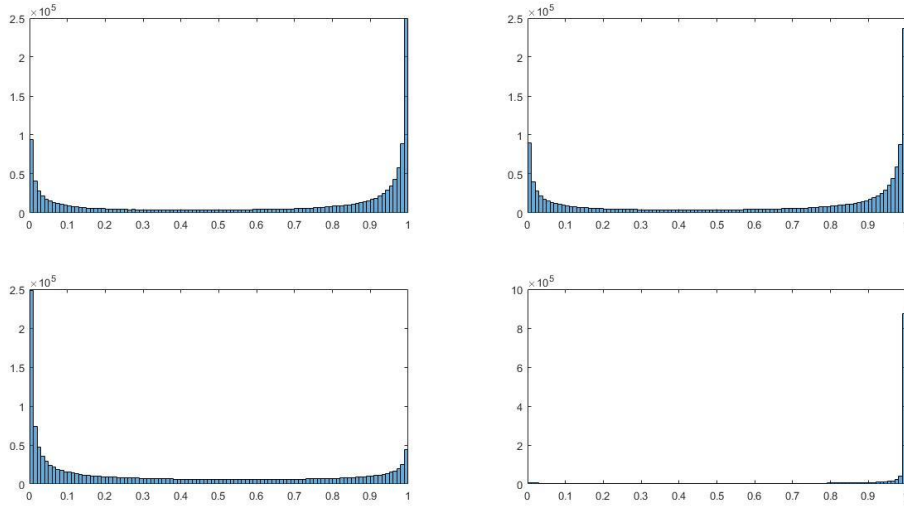


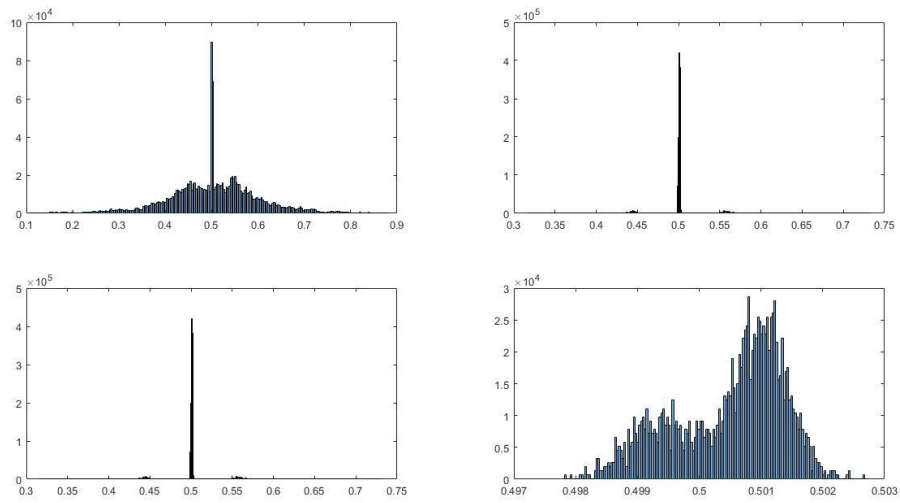
Sigmoid:

1. 三种 prune 方法对输出（最后一层激活函数的输出）的影响

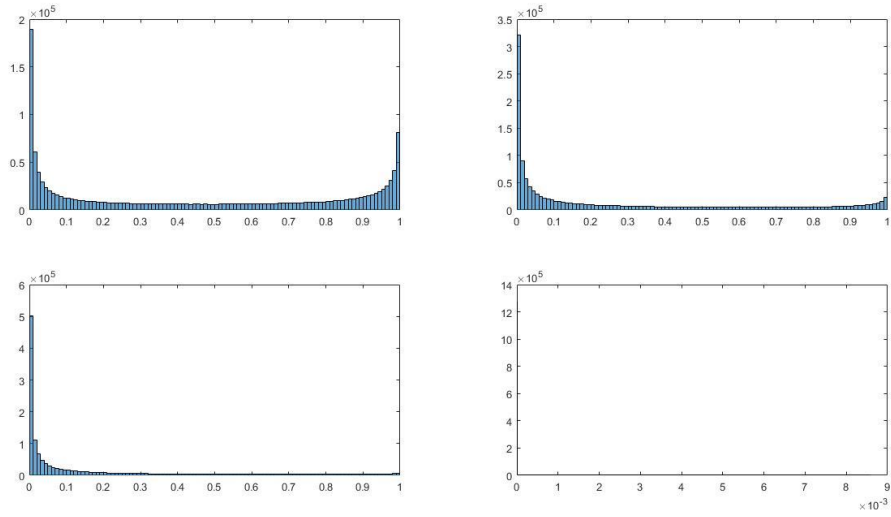
图像顺序: baseline - abs - positive - negative (三组实验为同一阈值)



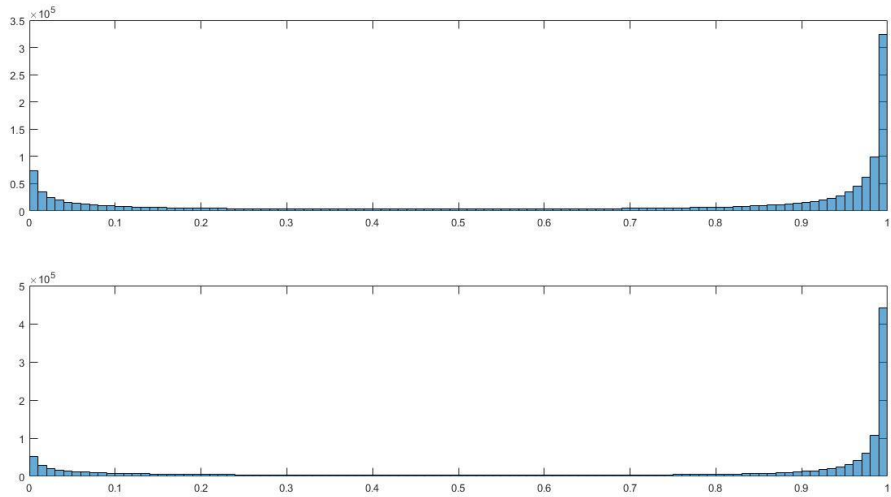
2. 使用 abs Prune —— 向中部集中



3. 使用 Positive Prune



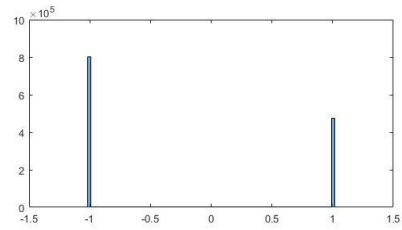
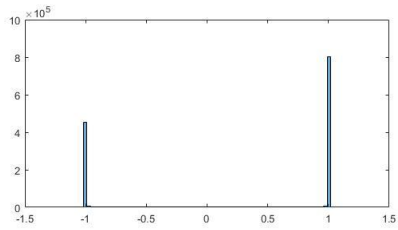
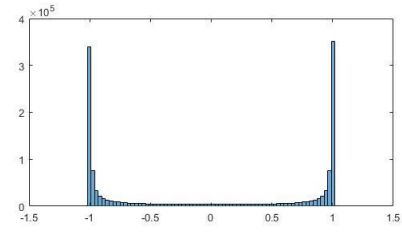
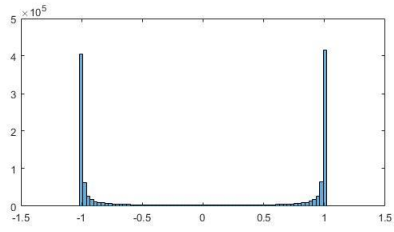
4. 使用 Negative Prune



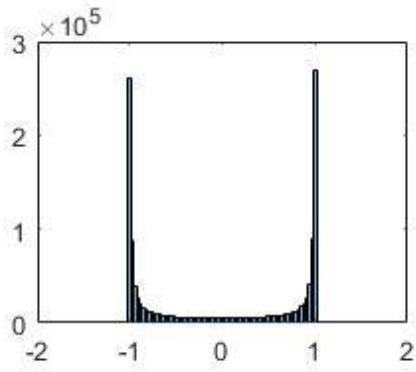
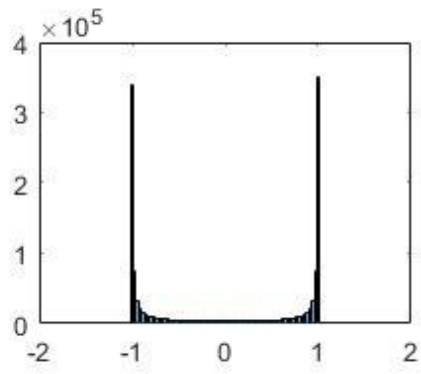
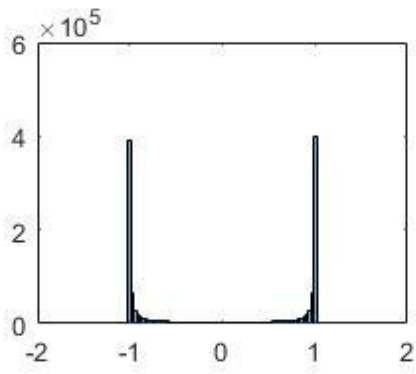
Tanh:

1. 三种 prune 方法对输出（最后一层激活函数的输出）的影响

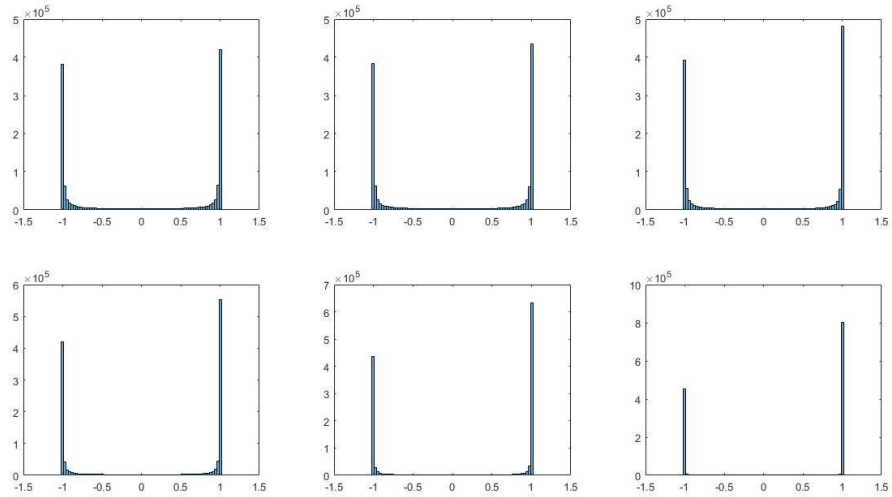
图像顺序：baseline - abs - positive - negative （三组实验为同一阈值）



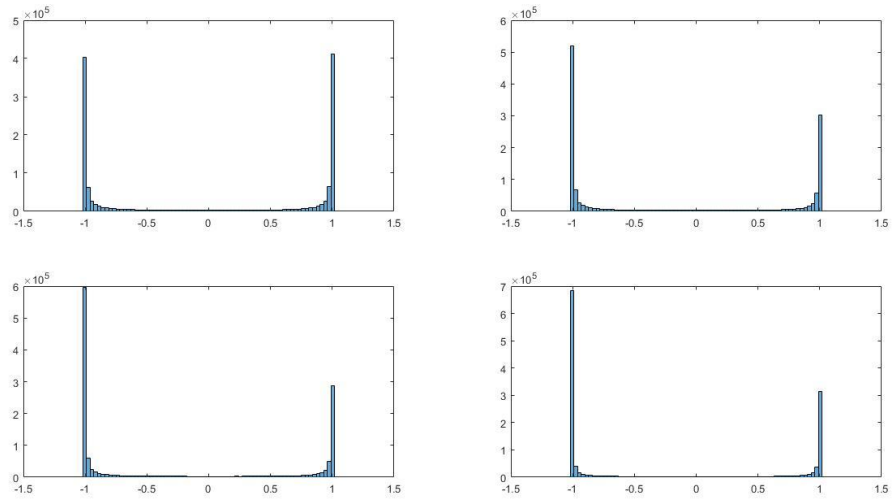
2. 使用 abs Prune —— 向中部集中



3. 使用 Positive Prune



4. 使用 Negative Prune



ReLU:

三种 prune 方法对输出（最后一层激活函数的输出）的影响：

图像顺序：baseline - abs - positive - negative （三组实验为同一阈值）

